

Massachusetts State Public Housing

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MARCH 30, 2017

Discussion Outline

Overview of State Public Housing

- Organizational Context
- Statistics & Key Program Attributes
- Operations and Funding
- History

Challenges

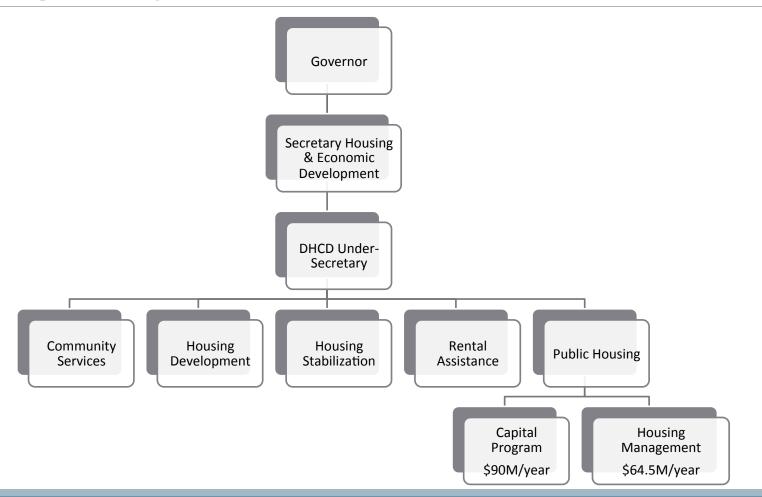
Policy and Program Responses



OVERVIEW

THE BASICS OF STATE PUBLIC HOUSING

Agency Structure



State Public Housing in the US



Massachusetts:

45,321 units

Connecticut:

∘ 14,056 units

New York State:

∘ 1,516 units

Hawaii:

• 864 units

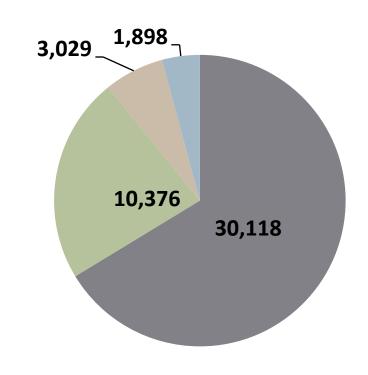
Public Housing in MA

240 Local Housing Authorities (LHAs)

37,448 Federal Units

45,321 State Units

- Ch. 667 Elderly & Disabled
- Ch. 200 Family
- Ch. 705 Family Scattered Site
- Ch. 167/689 Special Needs



Federal vs State Public Housing

Federal

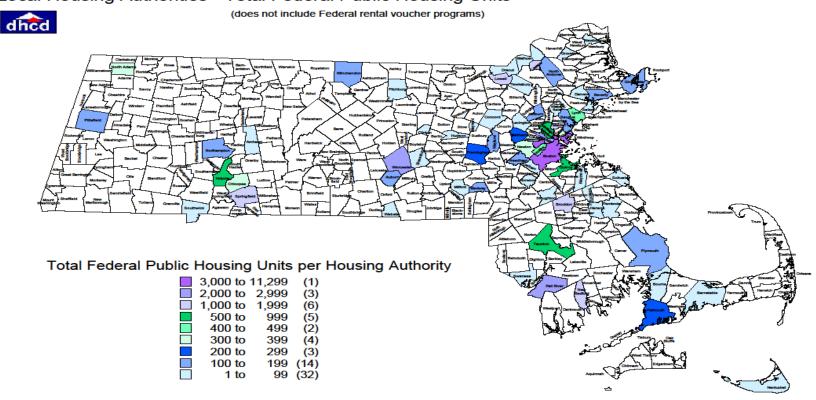
- \$7,300 per unit annually
- Urban and Suburban Locations
- Large & Medium Housing Authorities
- US Citizens or Legal Residents

State

- \$3,300 per unit annually
- Urban, Suburban and Rural Locations
- Small, Med, Large Housing Authorities
- No Required Citizenship Status

Where is Federal Public Housing?

Local Housing Authorities - Total Federal Public Housing Units



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Where is State Public Housing?

Local Housing Authorities - Total State Public Housing Units (does not include State rental voucher programs) dhcd Total State Public Housing Units per Housing Authority 1,000 to 2,520 (1) 500 to 1,000 (20) 400 to 499 (13)300 to 399 200 to 299 (23)100 to 199 (67)1 to 99 (1111)Franklin County - 98 state public housing units Chinese Consolidated (Boston) - 20 state public housing units Codman Square Housing (Boston) - 14 state public housing units Hampshire County (Huntington, Cummington) - 40 state public housing units

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Berkshire County (Sheffield) - 30 state public housing units

Dukes County (Oak Bluffs) - 8 state public housing units

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Who Lives in Public Housing? How does it Operate?

Tenants: 80% of tenants earn less than 30% AMI

- 54% are elderly
- 21% family (vast majority are single parent)
- Remainder single non-elderly or other

Rent: Seniors pay 30% of income; families pay 27-32%

- Average rent is \$350 month
- Rents cover 75% of total public housing operations with remainder subsidized by State Operating Budget.
- Almost half of the LHAs take no state subsidy (rent is sufficient)

Demand: Vacancy rate is under 3%

Waitlists vary across communities/markets



History: How did we get here?

1935 MGL 121:

 Creates legislative framework for housing and urban renewal. Enables creation of Local Housing Authorities (LHAs). Later amended to MGL 121B.

1948 Housing Act:

 Leads to more than 15,000 new units of Vets Housing (c. 200 family program)

1956 Launch of c. 667 elderly program.

More than 10,000 units built in 50s and 60s





History: How did we get here?

1965 Launch of c. 705 Scattered Site Family program.

About 3,000 units built

1970s and 80s: 20,000 units built

- Mostly elderly
- Some special needs housing
 - 1974: Launch of c. 689 program
 - 1987: c. 167 program
- Elderly congregate

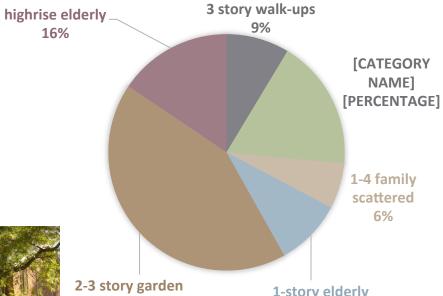




Building Types

















CHALLENGES and SOLUTIONS

DHCD PUBLIC HOUSING ROADMAP

Key Policy Challenges

Limited Resources

240 Entities

Capital Backlog & Aging Stock

High Demand

Resources: Operating Subsidy

1982 to 2006 Annual Budget Line went from \$30 M to \$34 M, with some decreases in the mid nineties

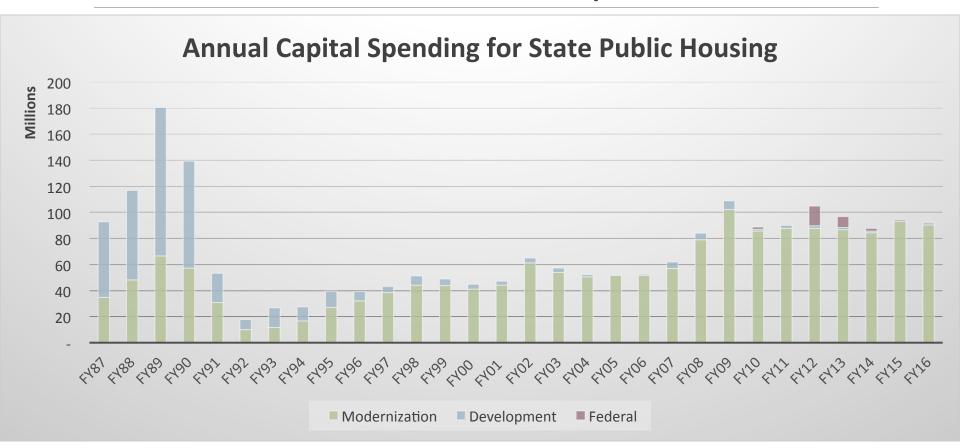
2007 Increased to \$55.8 M

2008 Increased to \$60 M

2009 Highpoint at \$66.5 M

2010 to Present \$64.5 M

Resources: Bond Cap



Policy and Program Responses:

Standardize Oversight

Transparency & Accountability

Regional Approaches

Federalize

Private Partnerships Targeted
Program
Investments

Solution 1: Standardize Oversight

2008 Formula Funding Program

2014 Public Housing Reform Legislation

- Performance Monitoring Program
 - Annual desk and site reviews
- Annual Financial Review (AUP)
- Standard Executive Director Contracts, Grounds for Termination/Receivers
- Centralized Online Waitlist System



Solution 2: Increase Transparency and Accountability

Tenant Satisfaction Survey

Board Member Training

Tenant-Elected Board Member

Annual Plan



Solution 3: Regional Approaches

LHA Management Agreements

Self-Insurance Program

Regional Attorneys

2014 Reform Legislation

- Regional Capital Assistance Teams
- Regional Innovations Pilot



Solution 4: Federalization

ARRA allowed conversion of state public housing to federal, securing higher capital & operating subsidy

- 19 LHAs converted 4,000 state units
- DHCD supported with \$43M capital grants (\$11,100/unit on avg.)
- \$99 M in capital backlog off state program's books
- Saved \$7-9 M annually in state operating subsidy; savings help preserve remaining state portfolio.

FUTURE: some potential for LHAs under Faircloth cap

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Solution 5: Private Partners As Managers

2019: 120 units in Boston being turned over to Trinity

Management 2016: 20 units in Boston turned over to Asian Community Development Corp.

2015: 14 Units in Boston turned over to Codman Square CDC



Solution 5: Private Partners – Income Mixing Demonstrations



Chelsea HA with Corcoran

- ∘ Innes Redevelopment: 96 → 318 units
- Fully integrated site of Public Housing and Market Rate Residents



Somerville HA with POAH, SCC, & Gate

- Clarendon Hills: 216 → 526 units
- Divided site into 2 sections
 - Public Housing with some "Workforce"
 - Market Housing w/some Public Housing

Solution 6: Targeted Capital Grants

High Leverage Asset Preservation Program (HILAPP)

Targets all "High Needs" developments

Awards \$1 for every 30 cents of non-state funding

Since 2014:

- 30 devs and 1,758 units preserved
- \$44 M in grants has leveraged\$75 M in "outside funds"



Solution 6: Targeted Capital Grants

Mod PHASE (Modernizing Public Housing And Supporting Elders) Initiative

Targets "High Needs" c.667 developments

Goal is to preserve asset while also promoting aging in community



Solution 6: Targeted Resident Service Initiatives



Worcester's A Better Life program has 3 components:

- Adult residents required to work, go to school or volunteer 30 hours/week.
- Intensive family support caseworkers for all residents.
- Co-locating participants physically in a development

How to Get Involved

ADVOCACY, GRASSROOTS INTERVENTION, STRENGTHENING THE COMMONWEALTH'S SOCIAL SERVICES

Getting Involved



Questions and Thank you

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