

Deval L. Patrick Governor

Timothy P. Murray Licutenant Governor

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Health & Human Services Department of Mental Retardation 500 Harrison Avenue Boston, MA 02118

JudyAnn Bigby, M.D. Secretary

Elin M. Howe Commissioner

Area Code (617) 727-5608 TTY: (617) 624-7590

November 17, 2008

Lisa M. Cukier, Esq. Burns & Levenson, LLP 125 Summer Street Boston, MA 02110

Re:	Appeal of	- Final D	ecision

Dear Attorney Cukier:

Enclosed please find the recommended decision of the hearing officer in the above appeal. A fair hearing was held on the appeal of your client's eligibility determination.

The hearing officer made findings of fact, proposed conclusions of law and a recommended decision. After reviewing the hearing officer's recommended decision, I find that it is in accordance with the law and with DMR regulations. Your appeal is therefore approved.

You, or any person aggrieved by this decision may appeal to the Superior Court in accordance with Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 30A. The regulations governing the appeal process are 115 CMR 6.30-6.34 and 801 CMR 1.01-1.04.

Sincerely,

Elin M. Howe Commissioner

EMH/ecw

Sara Mackiernan, Hearing Officer
Richard O'Meara, Regional Director
Marianne Meacham, General Counsel
Patrick Murphy, Assistant General Counsel
Elizabeth Moran Liuzzo, Regional Eligibility Manager

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL RETARDATION

	In Re: Appeal of			
יוט)	is decision is issued pursuant to the regulations of the Department of Mental Retardation MR)(115 CMR 6.30 – 6.34) and M.G.L. Chapter 30A. A hearing was held on September 10, 08 at the Department's Regional Office in Carver Massachusetts.			
Tho	ose present for all or part of the proceedings were:			
Josl Rich Patr	Applicant hua Davidson hard J. O'Meara rick Murphy, Esq. mund R. Kozaryn Counsel for (parent Applicant Consultant to family Regional Director Department of Mental Retardation Assistant General Counsel Department of Mental Retardation Cardinal Cushing Centers Chief Financial Officer			
Subi	evidence consists of documents submitted by the Appellant numbered A 1 - 15, documents mitted by the Department of Mental Retardation numbered D 1 - 4, and approximately 3 hours of testimony.			
DES	SCRIPTION OF EXHIBITS			
A1	Superior Court Order SUCV2008 – 01289 – H			
A2	Memorandum in Support of s Massachusetts Domicile			
A3	Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Complaint for Failure to Exhaust			
	Administrative Remedies (filed in Superior Court)			
A4	; 2007 Massachusetts Tax Return			
A5	Voter Registration Receipt			
A6	Cardinal Cushing Center's Adult Golf Schedule			
A7	Cardinal Cushing Center's Soccer Program 2008			
A8	Flyer for Country Hoedown			
A9	Flyer for Special Olympics Night and Fundraiser			
A10	Cardinal Cushing Center's Adult Athletic Program 2008 – 2009 – Bowling			
A11	South Shore YMCA Identification Card for			
A12	Mass Health Card for			
A13	Bank Book from Sovereign Bank with ['s name on it			
414	Identification Card from Massachusetts Registry of Motor Vehicles for			
415	Pharmacy bill for			

D1	Certification from Pupil Personnel Services Administration Hanover Public Schools stating
	that they had no record of
D2	Cardinal Cushing Center's License from Massachusetts Department of Education
D3	St. Coletta and Cardinal Cushing Center's Admission Forms
D4	Cardinal Cushing Center's records ofpayments for placement; payment
	agreements and invoices
ISSUI	E PRESENTED ,
The o	nly issue at this hearing is whether or not is domiciled in Massachusetts the meaning of 115 CMR 6.04.
SUMN	MARY OF THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED
his mo	is now twenty-four years old (dob 7/1/84). While lived with his parent(s), ad first in Massachusetts and then in New Hampshire. When was fifteen years old, other arranged placement at Cardinal Cushing Center for him. At the time and his r were living in Windham, New Hampshire.
most c	he nine years that has been at Cardinal Cushing his maternal grandfather has paid of the costs of his placement. The Windham School Department did contribute to sional program until 2003. Social Security benefits have been used to pay for part ent and utilities in his residential program since February 2007.
eightee appoin	mother was appointed his legal guardian by a New Hampshire Court when was en. In June 2006, I mother, and his aunt, Patricia Armando were ted co-guardians in the Plymouth County Probate Court in Massachusetts.
service School parent ne was	mother continues to live in New Hampshire. His maternal grandfather who provides his a financial support lives in Naples, Floridaas never received special education is from any Local Educational Authority in Massachusetts. When Windham New Hampshire Department stopped contributing to his education because he was eighteen years old, his and guardian did not request special education services from Hanover Massachusetts where then living. In Massachusetts would be eligible for special education services until enty-two.
e was Centers	applied for supports from the Department of Mental Retardation in January 2007. then twenty-three years old and living in a group home operated by the Cardinal Cushing and licensed by the Massachusetts Departments of Mental Retardation and Education.

FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

- 1. 115 CMR 6.02(2)(a) states that a person who lives in Massachusetts and intends to stay in Massachusetts permanently or for an indefinite period is domiciled in Massachusetts.
- 2. 115 CMR 6.02(2)(b)(2) states that a person who is living in a residence licensed by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and was placed in the program by a guardian or family member who was not living in Massachusetts at the time of the placement, is presumed to be not domiciled in Massachusetts.
- 3. The regulations clearly state that the scenarios set out in 115 CMR 6.02(2)(b) are presumptions. Presumptions can be rebutted by evidence of a person's intent to remain in Massachusetts. 4. Clearly, at the time of his initial placement in Massachusetts in 2000, _____ remained domiciled in Windham New Hampshire where his mother lived. That remained true as long as Windham New Hampshire was contributing to the costs of education, regardless of the size of their contribution. As long as \ was benefiting from being a domiciliary of one state, he could not claim domicile in another state. (D4) esented a number of exhibits which described athletic and social activities, some of which are conducted by the Cardinal Cushing Center. In order to participate in these activities one needs only to live in a residence operated by the Cardinal Cushing Center. Many of the community activities are open to anyone who happens to be living in the community, regardless of where their true domicile may be. Although participation in these activities contributes to the idea that he plans to stay in the community, because they are available to anyone they cannot stand alone as indications of intent to make Massachusetts home. (A 6-11) has registered to vote in Massachusetts and has voted here. (A5) has filed income tax returns in Massachusetts. (A4) testified and also filed an affidavit stating that he intends to remain in Massachusetts indefinitely and that he considers Massachusetts his home. 9. ____testified that he has chosen to live in his group home and to avail himself of Cardinal Cushing Centers adult programs. He testified that he intended to stay in Massachusetts until he retired and then go to the Cayman Islands. 10. _____works at several jobs in Massachusetts. Some of them are in sheltered situations some not. saves his money in a Massachusetts bank. (A 13) 11. ____mother testified that he does not keep any belongings in New Hampshire and when he comes to visit he packs a suitcase. 12. Although under guardianship, his testimony made it clear that he had made the

decision to stay here in Massachusetts on his own. The fact that his guardian and family agreed

with his decision, does not negate his ability to decide for himself.

- 13. The Department argues that the circumstances surrounding the initial moving into Massachusetts should remain determinative of the domicile of the applicant. If the initial determination of domicile is based on a presumption, then there must be an opportunity to rebut that presumption.
- 14. The Department also argues that since its services are subject to appropriation, the bar for overcoming a presumption against domicile must be extremely high. I agree that the services of the Department of Mental Retardation are subject to appropriation but that argument is premature when looking at eligibility. An applicant may be found eligible but still not be offered specific services that they might want because there is simply no funding for such services. The Department may offer services which will meet the needs of the person but not necessarily be what the applicant considers ideal.

I find that	has by a preponderance of the evidence met the burden of rebutting the
presumption against his	lomicile being Massachusetts.

APPEAL

Any person aggrieved by a final decision of the Department may appeal to the Superior Court in accordance with M.G.L. c30A (115 CMR 6.34[5]).

Date: October 3, 2008

Sara Mackiernan Hearing Officer