## Constituent Questions on Homelessness



I'm afraid of my partner and have nowhere to go. What can I



If it is safe to use the phone, **call SafeLink**, the state's multi-lingual 24/7 toll-free hotline at 877-785-2020 (TTY: 877-521-2601). All calls to SafeLink are free, confidential and anonymous. You can also contact domestic violence shelters directly. See <a href="http://www.mahomeless.org/index.php/survivors-of-domestic-violence">http://www.mahomeless.org/index.php/survivors-of-domestic-violence</a>.

The state's Emergency Assistance (EA) shelter program also provides shelter to pregnant women or families with children who are homeless due to domestic violence and meet other eligibility rules.

I'm a **homeless veteran.** Where do I turn?

do?

Massachusetts has shelters just for veterans and provides benefits and financial assistance to low-income veterans. Your town's veteran agent (<a href="www.mass.gov/veterans/utility/local-veterans-service-officers-3.html">www.mass.gov/veterans/utility/local-veterans-service-officers-3.html</a>) can provide details and an application. The VA's National Call Center for Homeless Veterans has counselors available to veterans anytime at 1-877-424-3838.

I'm a **homeless adult** and need a place to sleep. Where can I go?

There are many different shelters for homeless adults who have no children with them. Beds are generally available on a first-come, first-serve basis. These shelters are usually single sex. <a href="http://www.mahomeless.org/index.php/adults">http://www.mahomeless.org/index.php/adults</a>

I am homeless and have **children**. My friend is homeless and has no children, but is **pregnant**. Where do we go for help?

The **Emergency Assistance** (EA) program provides temporary shelter for low-income pregnant women and families with children under age 21. The eligibility criteria are strict. Staff from the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD), located at local welfare (DTA) offices, will determine if you are eligible. To find the nearest office, go to <a href="https://www.masslegalservices.org/content/appendix-dta-offices-where-there-are-dhcd-staff-providing-ea-benefits">https://www.masslegalservices.org/content/appendix-dta-offices-where-there-are-dhcd-staff-providing-ea-benefits</a> and click on Appendix A. Or if you can't get to an office call 866-584-0653 to apply.

See <u>www.masslegalservices.org/content/non-ea-shelter-lists</u> for non-EA shelters.

My application for EA shelter was denied, and my family has nowhere to sleep but in the car. Please help!

Contact your local legal aid office right away to find out if you were properly denied. You can reapply at any time and, with the help of legal services, DHCD may approve a new application. If you are denied EA, the DHCD representative must give you a denial notice that explains the reason for the denial. You have just 21 days to appeal the denial, so send it in as soon as possible. But because getting a hearing and a decision may take so long, it may be best to reapply after getting legal advice.

I just arrived at a homeless shelter. Where will my children **go to** school? Each school district is required to have a homeless liaison, who can be reached by calling your district's administration office. If you have trouble, contact the Office for the Education of Homeless Children and Youth at 781-338-6330.

Homeless students have a right to remain in their school of origin or to attend school where they are temporarily residing, whichever their parents choose. If a student is homeless outside their original district and their parents do not want to change schools, the new district must ensure that transportation is provided to and from the school of origin if it is not too far away. If the student changes schools, school districts must immediately enroll homeless students for classes and for free and reduced lunches, even if the students do not have the required documents, such as school and medical records and proof of residency.



This information is general in nature and not intended as legal advice. The income eligibility limit for legal aid is generally 125% of the federal poverty line (or \$591 per week for a family of four in 2017), with some exceptions. **Due to limited funding, legal aid programs cannot serve all eligible callers.**