

CHAPTER 15

CHANGE OF NAME

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General Overview..... 421
Petition for Change of Name..... 421
Divorce..... 422
Decree of Adoption ..... 422
Issues Regarding Parents Naming Children or Changing a Child’s Name ..... 423
EXHIBIT 15A—Change of Name Petition ..... 424
EXHIBIT 15B—Change of Name Guidelines for Middlesex County . 426

GENERAL OVERVIEW

You do not have to go to court to change your name. Anyone can choose to use any name as long as it is not for an illegal or dishonest reason. This is known as a common law name change. However, there are ways to legally change your name. Legally changing your name creates a public record of the new name and may make it easier to change your driver’s license and other forms of identification. Legally changing you name requires you to go to court.

The most common way to change your name or your child’s name is by filing a petition for change of name. Changing your child’s name may be more complicated if the other parent does not give consent. As a spouse, you can also change your name when you get divorced by requesting to resume your maiden or former name. When you adopt a child you can request a change of name for the adoptive child and amend that child’s birth record.

PETITION FOR CHANGE OF NAME

The statute governing change of name in Massachusetts is G.L. c. 210, §§ 12, 13, 14. You must file a petition for change of name in the Probate and Family Court in the county where you live. The change of name will be granted unless it is “inconsistent with public interests.” G.L. c. 210, § 12. In addition to filing the petition for change of name, you must file a certified copy of your birth record, or any prior judgment or record amending your name. G.L. c. 210, § 13. There is a \$150 fee plus a \$15 surcharge for filing a change of name petition. A copy of the petition is included as Exhibit 15A.

## □ CHAPTER 15: CHANGE OF NAME

Your current first, middle, and last name must appear on the petition and must be signed exactly as it appears on the birth certificate, unless your name was changed by a prior court order or by marriage. Birth certificates from other countries must be translated by an authorized translator. A sample guideline for filing a change of name petition is provided as **Exhibit 15B**; however, it applies only to residents of Middlesex County.

When the petition is filed, the Probate and Family Court sends a request for information to the commissioner of probation for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. This request lists your name and your vital statistics (such as your address, date of birth, place of birth, and Social Security number) and gives notice of your request to change your name. The notice is returned to the court by the commissioner of probation and states whether there is a record on file with the Department of Probation. In some counties, the request for record information is made for anyone over age ten; in others it is made for anyone over age fourteen.

The court may also require public notice of the petition, which requires you to publish notice in a newspaper. You must publish if you are filing a name change petition for a minor child if one of the parents has not signed the petition and has not agreed to the change. This requirement can be waived for “good cause.” In this case, you must file a motion to waive publication and an affidavit (a sworn statement) stating why you do not wish to have this information published. You may have to go before the judge personally to explain your reasons. If a citation is required you will need to pay an additional \$15 fee.

You must then appear in person in the Probate and Family Court on the date set by the court. On that day you will appear in front of a judge and ask for your petition to be allowed. At that time the judge will read your petition and may ask why you are changing your name. If it is allowed, the court will issue a certificate of the new name.

## DIVORCE

The statute governing change of name in divorce is G.L. c. 208, § 23. This statute allows a spouse to resume a maiden or former name in the event of divorce. You cannot change the name of your children in a divorce case; for that, you must file a separate petition for change of name.

If you are requesting to resume your maiden or former name, you must list your entire former name on the complaint, including your full middle name. If you are not sure if you want to resume a former name when you file a complaint for divorce, you can file a motion later, asking the court to allow you to resume your maiden or former name. You will have to present this motion before the case is concluded, which is usually at or before the pretrial conference or trial date. There is \$100 filing fee for this motion.

You will be allowed to resume your maiden or former name when the divorce judgment is entered by the court. If the divorce is by agreement, you will state to the judge that you want to resume your maiden or former name and you have listed it in the separation agreement. If the divorce is consented and goes to trial, you must state your request to resume your maiden or former name to the judge at the conclusion of the trial and you should include it in any proposed judgment filed with the court.

## DECREE OF ADOPTION

The statute allowing a change of name through a decree of adoption is G.L. c. 210, §§ 6, 6A.

If you are filing to change a child’s name as a result of an adoption, you will be required to list the names by which the child is currently known, as well as the name by which the child will be known after the adoption. There is also an affidavit that must be signed and notarized. The affidavit should include

- your name (the names of the parties seeking adoption);
- a statement that you are eighteen years of age or older;
- a statement that you wish to adopt the child;
- the name of the child;
- where the child was born;

- how long the child has resided with you, the petitioners; and
- a statement that you, the petitioners, have provided for the child's support and are able to care and provide for the child.

The affidavit should also list the requested name change of the child.

After the adoption is allowed by the court, the Registry of Probate Court prepares a "certificate of adoption." The certificate states whether the adopting parents seek to have the child's birth record amended. If so, the Registry of Probate will send a certified copy of the certificate of adoption to the city or town clerk where the child's original birth record is filed, so the birth record can be changed to add the new name.

## ISSUES REGARDING PARENTS NAMING CHILDREN OR CHANGING A CHILD'S NAME

The right to name a child under age eighteen belongs to the child's parents. If the parents cannot agree on the child's name, the court will decide based on the best interest of the child.

This rule applies whether the child is born to a married couple or to an unmarried couple. However, when presented with a petition to change the name of a child born out of wedlock, the court should consider the following:

- the effect of the change of the child's surname on the preservation and development of the child's relationship with each parent and other siblings;
- the length of time the child has used a given name;
- the age of the child as it may relate to his or her identification with the surname;
- the difficulties and embarrassment that the child may experience from bearing the present or proposed surname; and
- the personal preference of a child of suitable age and maturity.

*Petition of Two Minors for Change of Name*, 65 Mass. App. Ct. 850, (2006); *Richards v. Mason*, 54 Mass. App. Ct. 570, 572 (2002); *Jones v. Roe*, 33 Mass. App. Ct. 660, 664 (1992).

The court is not allowed to give greater weight to a father's interest in the child having his surname than the mother's interest in the child having her surname. Absent objection from the putative father, the mother has the right to control the initial surname of her child born out of wedlock.

Sometimes after a divorce or separation one parent may try to change the name of the child by filing a petition for change of name. If the other parent does not agree, there will likely be a court hearing. The court can change the child's name if it is in the child's best interest.

# EXHIBIT 15A—Change of Name Petition

**Commonwealth of Massachusetts**  
**The Trial Court**  
**Probate and Family Court Department**

Division \_\_\_\_\_ Docket No. \_\_\_\_\_

**Change of Name(s)**

Name of Petitioner \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
(Street address) (City/Town) (State) (Zip)

Date of Birth \_\_\_\_\_ Place of Birth \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Spouse \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Birth \_\_\_\_\_ Place of Birth \_\_\_\_\_

Names of Minor Children \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Reason for change \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Have parties ever changed their names before? \_\_\_\_\_ If answer is yes, explain \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Petitioner(s) request(s) that his/her/their name(s) be changed as follows:

Name at Present:	To be changed to:
Petitioner _____	_____
Spouse _____	_____
Child _____	_____
Child _____	_____
Child _____	_____
Date _____	_____

SIGNATURE OF PETITIONER

SIGNATURE OF SPOUSE

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature of Minor(s) as signed by father or mother as next friend.

**DECREE**

Notice having been given according to the order of the Court, and no objection being made, it is decreed that the above name(s) be changed as requested, which name(s) he/she/they shall hereafter bear, and which shall be his/her/their legal name(s).

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Change of Name form instructions

SEE G.L. c.210, Sections 12, 13 and 14

A certified copy of the birth certificate for each party must be filed with petition.

If a name has been previously changed by decree of court or at marriage, either a copy of record of birth so amended, a copy of such decree or, a copy of record of marriage must be filed with this petition.

SEE Uniform Fee Schedule for applicable filing fees.

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Attorneys are required to file Uniform Counsel Certification form.

## EXHIBIT 15B—Change of Name Guidelines for Middlesex County

### CHANGE OF NAME GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT CHANGE OF NAME PROCEEDINGS

The Middlesex Probate and Family Court can only change your name if you are a resident of Middlesex County. If you live in another county, you must file your change of name form in the Probate and Family Court for that county.

There is a fee for filing a Change of Name with the court. The fee is \$165.00 for each form filed. Checks should be made out to the Middlesex Probate and Family Court.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE CHANGE OF NAME FORM

THE FORM MUST BE COMPLETED IN BLACK INK AND MUST BE TYPED OR PRINTED CLEARLY.

#### IF YOU ARE ASKING TO CHANGE YOUR NAME:

You are the petitioner. You must print your full legal name as written on your birth certificate, including your middle name. If your name has been changed by a marriage or has been previously changed by the court, that would be your legal name. No initials are to be used, name must be written in full. Also, when signing your name to the form, you must sign your full legal name.

#### IF YOU ARE A PARENT AND ARE ASKING TO CHANGE YOUR CHILD(REN)'S:

You must present the change of name form on behalf of your child(ren). The consent of both parents is required before the court will consider your change of name request. Parents can give their consent by signing a Change of Name form or they can give their consent on a separate piece of paper. If a parent has not consented to the change of name request, he or she must be given notice that the request was made. If the whereabouts of the non-consenting parent is unknown, public notice must be given by publication in a newspaper as ordered by the court.

If the child(ren) are taking the name of a stepfather, the stepfather should give his consent. This can be done by signing the Change of Name form of the stepfather can give his consent on a separate piece of paper.

Petitioner: The child(ren) would be the petitioner. However, the petition is presented by the parent as next friend for the minor child(ren). The full legal name of the child(ren) must be written as appears on the birth certificate, including their middle name. No initials are to be used.

Example: If you are seeking to change the name of one of your children

Petitioner: *A minor, Mary Jane Smith by Paula Marie Smith, mother as next of friend.*

Example: If you are seeking to change the name of more than one child:

Petitioner: *Minors, Mary Jane Smith and Christopher Andrew Smith by John Paul Smith, father as next friend.*

Occupation / Date of Birth: This information would be that of the child(ren), not the parent.

Signature of minor as signed by mother or father as next friend: The minor child(ren)'s full legal name must be signed by the parent who is presenting the change of name form.

CHECKLIST FOR FILING THE CHANGE OF NAME FORM

The following must be filed:

- The Completed Change of Name Form
- A Certified Copy of the Birth Certificate must be filed for each person whose name is being changed. A photocopy of the birth certificate which is not certified will not be accepted.
- Filing fee of \$165.00

These can be delivered or mailed to:

Middlesex Probate and Family Court  
208 Cambridge Street  
P.O. Box 410480  
Cambridge, MA 02141  
attention: Change of Name Department

The Court will mail you notice of when your petition for change of name is ready to be presented to the Court.

If the name change request is allowed by the court:

You are responsible for informing Social Security, the Registry of Motor Vehicles, Banks, Schools and other agencies of your name change. To do so, you will need a certified copy of the name change Decree which will prove to these agencies that your name has been officially changed.

You can order a certified copy of the court order decree from the copy department of the Middlesex Probate and Family Court. The cost is \$20.00 per copy.

□ **CHAPTER 15: CHANGE OF NAME**